

ACCUSED OF TRIFLING

Chamberlain's Statements Not Satisfactory.

SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA

Scope of the Soudan Expedition Widening—Ten Thousand Troops Should Be Sent From India.

Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press. London, April 4.—Despite all official and semi-official statements to the contrary, it is generally admitted that the situation in South Africa is unsatisfactory. Even the reassuring statements made by the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, have not changed the public opinion on the subject and today he is openly accused of trifling with the situation and pretending the scanty forces there are able to cope with the rebellion of the Matabele and its possible outcome. It seems beyond question that Bulawayo and the whole of the only two stations in Matabeleland that are in a defensive condition, and that there is a strong possibility that communication with these towns will shortly be entirely cut off. Mr. Chamberlain's disinclination to have strong reinforcements of British troops sent to South Africa is said to arise from his desire to do nothing which may give color to the French and German charge that the real object of sending the reinforcements to South Africa is to coerce the Boers.

Then again, the scope of the Soudan expedition appears to be widening and there is considerable fear in many quarters that the government does not realize the extent of the undertaking. Experts in Soudan warfare say that the Anglo-Egyptian force is inadequate to cope with the situation and that there is a real danger of the Egyptian troops being cut off and the latter annihilated before it is possible for the support of British troops to arrive. It is stated that the Egyptian force is now 10,000 troops based at once on the Nile and that the Khedive's forces are pouring into the Soudan. The Egyptian force is said to be getting behind the advancing force. Should the march be continued and the troops from India be promptly landed at Suakin, they will break Osman Digna's force and threaten the rear of the Derwishes.

In less than a month the whole coast of the Anglo-Egyptian army which will push up the Nile will be concentrated thirty-five miles from Wad Medani ready to march upon Khartoum. The rapid progress to the front shows that the Egyptian force is working well. Men, arms, ammunition and stores are being conveyed over a very difficult route without the slightest hitch. General H. H. Kitchener, the leader of the Egyptian force, will remain at Khartoum and will be in collecting his complete forces there. In the valley camel corps and cavalry will push forward in the nearest Derwish rear guard. The Derwishes are already repulsed near Khartoum. Mr. John L. Waller, formerly United States consul at Tananarive, Madagascar, arrived in this city a short time ago and he is reported to have been in the prison in which he had been confined under the sentence of twenty years imprisonment imposed upon him by a court martial after his capture by the Boers. He has been in the prison since his arrival and upon the advice of his friends, who are formulating a claim against the French government, has not received any reports of the English press.

SAN FRANCISCO RACES.

A Bad Day for Form Players at Ingleside. San Francisco, April 4.—The weather was disagreeable for racing today, a cold wind sweeping across the track at Ingleside. It was a very bad day for the form players. Ray del Tierra and Goodwin I were the only favorites to cross the wire in heat.

The session of the day was the win of Fortuna, at 25 to 1, who easily defeated some good ones. Four and a half furlongs—Ray del Tierra won, George Palmer 2, Scarborough 3. Time, 1:10 1/2.

One and a half furlongs, four furlongs, handicap—Continent won, Empress 2, Balling 3. Time, 1:58 1/2. Six furlongs—Goodwin I won, Fortuna 2, Camelia 3. Time, 1:15 1/2.

RELEASED ON BAIL.

Wealthy Citizen Comes to Mrs. Vaccaruso's Assistance. Stockton, April 4.—Mrs. Vaccaruso, the widow of the man who was strangled to death a few nights ago in his home just out of town, seems to be a friendly Italian woman, but she has been in jail ever since the morning of the murder until this evening, when she was released on \$5000 bond, which was given by one of the wealthiest men in the county. She has also been supplied with two able attorneys, ex-Congressman Louis and Frank Nio, who have agreed to restore passenger rates, and after tomorrow full fares will be paid on all trains.

State Convention Called.

Fresno, Nev., April 4.—The Republican state convention met here today and called a state convention to meet at Virginia city May 10th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the St. Louis national convention.

Condition of the Treasury.

Washington, April 4.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance \$22,701,662; gold reserve, 1,287,483,350.

A HEALTH RESORT.

Movement for Its Purchase by the Government.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—An effort is being made by representative Mandell of Wyoming to have the Big Horn Hot Springs on the Shoshone Indian reservation, Fremont county, Wyo., purchased by the government and held as a public reservation as the Hot Springs of Arkansas are. Indian Inspector McLaughlin has been sent by the interior department to negotiate with the Indians for the cession of the springs and a tract ten miles square surrounding them. It is not proposed to pay all the purchase money by one appropriation but to pay most of it to the credit of the Indians to be paid from the treasury in installments. The Big Horn Hot Springs are said to possess remarkable medicinal qualities and are scientifically called sulphur springs. They are near the Big Horn river with snow-capped mountains on either side and empty into the river in picturesque cascade. It is the government's policy to gradually reduce the Indian reservations as the land is not needed by the Indians and it is believed that the springs when they have become better known, will become a resort and be a source of revenue to the government.

Free Silver Delegates Chosen.

Ukiah, Cal., April 4.—At a meeting of the Republican county central committee held in this city this afternoon the following were appointed delegates to the state convention: T. L. Carothers, John McWhinney, F. G. Handy, A. J. Dugan, E. F. Vanduse, George A. Sturtevant, E. F. Dugan, J. C. Ford and W. P. McNeill.

REPORT SUBMITTED.

CONCLUSIONS OF THE RIVER AND HARBOUR COMMITTEE.

Twenty-two New Projects of Improvement Included in the Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Chairman Hooker of the river and harbor committee today submitted to the house the report on the river and harbor bill, made public. It shows that the aggregate amount recommended is \$10,330,600 and is based on estimates by the chief of engineers amounting to \$12,028,880, and by the engineers in charge \$48,853,027, besides the estimates of the Mississippi and Missouri commissions. Of the total amount recommended, about 38 per cent, or \$3,946,800, is for harbors, \$5,587,500 for rivers and \$10,000 for surveys, etc. The urgent demands and the necessity of commercial necessities, says the report, "make it imperative that the bill be passed by the committee to warrant its adoption of twenty-two new projects of improvement."

In view of the large savings in the completion of projects throughout the country by carrying out the improvements heretofore made under continuing contracts, the committee has recommended more projects to be placed under this system, and there is given in the bill authority to the secretary of war to enter into contracts for the completion of thirty-two different projects, amounting to \$51,721,210. If the policy of continuing the system is followed, the completion of the projects recommended by the chief of engineers and the secretary of war, arrangements have been made to consider the river and harbor bill on Monday under suspension of the rules, but it is only thirty minutes for debate, but it is quite possible that an agreement will be entered into for such debate as is desired, perhaps two or three hours.

DEPEW'S FAREWELL.

BANQUETTED BY THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

Pays a Glowing Tribute to California—Politics and the Administration.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—After a week of entertainment in California, Chauncey M. Depew was tendered a farewell banquet by the Union League club in the maple room of the Palace hotel. Two hundred guests were present comprising the most prominent citizens in social and political life in the city.

The Union League club is a Republican organization but party lines were laid aside tonight and the most prominent men of all parties joined to do honor to Depew, a distinguished guest. Mr. Depew was introduced by President Simon of the Union League club. Mr. Depew began his remarks by alluding to the wonderful resources of California and her position in the world. He said that in all his travels extending all over the world he never had seen such wonderful valleys and vast tracts of fertile country. Drifting to politics he said it was a pleasure to him to be in a state so rich in resources and to be at large as he was not recognized the great benefit that protection would be to a state like California. He said that the history of the world had shown that there are times when people of the extraordinary business ability of the Democratic party, as was the case during President Buchanan's administration, who during a period of profound peace, found it necessary to prepare for war. He said that the next administration, when more bonds had to be sold for the same purpose. He said that the country would never reach the highest possibility of prosperity while the government was in such hands.

Hotel Destroyed by Fire.

SAN DIEGO, April 4.—The Calhoun hotel at Calhoun, a town on the ocean beach, thirty-seven miles from this city, was destroyed by fire this evening. The hotel was built at a cost of \$40,000 and is thought to have been insured for \$60,000.

WILL DECIDE MONDAY

The House Will Vote on Cuban Resolutions.

MORE DEBATE FOR AND AGAINST

Many Members Support Cuba in Her Struggle for Self Government.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The house decided today to vote on the Cuban question resolutions Monday next immediately after the reading of the journal. This agreement was accompanied by an understanding that today's debate on the resolutions should be continued into the evening. With the exception of an hour given over to miscellaneous business at the beginning of the session, the entire day and night sessions were devoted to a discussion of the wisdom, expediency and justice of adopting the resolutions recognizing Cuban belligerency and tendering the friendly offices of the United States for the settlement of the trouble. On one hand it was contended that the United States should take a position in favor of Cuba because the Cubans had secured their independence and on the other hand it was contended that the United States should not be so inefficient in the war to justify under the recognition of nations, recognition as belligerents.

Mr. Cockrell, Democrat of Texas, told of letters he had received imploring Cuba to stop the house cry against Cuba, because it was ruining the moral interests, and said that patriots of all these could be compressed into the size of a nickel. They had forgotten the fact that the Cubans had secured their independence and that the United States should not be so inefficient in the war to justify under the recognition of nations, recognition as belligerents.

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A CONVENTION ROW.

POLITICAL MEETING TURNED INTO A FREE FIGHT.

Ex-Governor Pennoyer Will Be Nominated by Democrats for Mayor of Portland, Or.

PORTLAND, Or., April 4.—The Republican city and county convention ended today in a split. At the primaries Thursday the faction known as the Simon faction elected 76 out of the 124 delegates to the convention, but the minority, led by District Attorney Hume, endeavored to elect their delegates and obtain control of the convention. After a wrangle of three hours the Simon faction left the hall and will hold another convention Monday. State Senator Joseph Simon, chairman of the majority committee, endeavored to call the convention to order. The opposition carried Judge Carey to the platform and in an instant the convention was in an uproar. Joseph Simon was nominated as temporary chairman, and in the wake that followed was declared elected. Then there was a rush and Simon was knocked off the stage. Judge Carey attempted to preside, but he was overpowered and whirled backward. A free fight followed. Cries were heard in the air and the stage shaking and howling. They would listen to no words of compromise, and finally the attempt to organize was abandoned and a recess declared. The opposing leaders held a conference and the result was the conclusion of the conference. Hume delegates adjourned to meet Monday, and left the hall.

ANOTHER SKELETON FOUND

Henry Bastian's Farm a Murderer's Graveyard.

MULLEN, Ill., April 4.—All day men have been digging over Henry Bastian's farm yard near Mullen, after further links in the chain of evidence against Bastian, the suicide and supposed murderer of Fred Kuechman. Since the finding of John Landersbach's remains and also an old tin basin containing blood and human hair believed to be from a third victim. It is now believed that Bastian's farm will be found a murderer's graveyard.

THE BERMUDA AFFAIR OVERATED.

Puerto Cortes, Honduras, via Galveston, April 4.—In relation to the Bermuda affair, it is said that the government of Honduras is not so much interested in the case as the public. Consequently the incident is regarded as having been greatly overrated from an international standpoint.

Death From Exposure.

OMAHA, April 4.—A special to the New from Lincoln says: It was discovered today that the late county treasurer, whose body was found Thursday, did not commit suicide as was supposed. The coroner's jury found that death resulted from exposure. Cobb was on a spree and wandered off on the prairie. His books are all right.

Republican Delegates Chosen.

SAN RAFAEL, April 4.—The Republican county committee met today to consider the matter of calling a convention or appointing delegates to the state convention and decided to have a convention on the 25th. The delegates to the county convention will be elected at the primaries to be held on the 21st instant. A motion was made to exclude from the committee those who had affiliated with any other organization, meaning being to crowd out Mayor Baggs, who was elected as an A. P. A. The proposition was voted down by a vote of 6 for the motion to 21 against it.

Lost Heavily in Mining.

SAN DIEGO, April 4.—A stranger giving the name of O. G. Mallon, registered at the Commercial hotel Sunday. This morning he was found dead in bed with a bullet through his head and a revolver beside him. Nothing was found to give a clue to his identity. He told a fellow guest that he had lost heavily in mining investments lately and that his partner had made \$40,000.

Prominent Merchant Dead.

LOS ANGELES, April 4.—Charles L. Doolan, one of the oldest and best known merchants of Los Angeles, died at his residence in this city this afternoon after a long and painful illness. Mr. Doolan accumulated a large fortune, and at the same time contributed liberally of his means to charity. His wife has been prominently identified with charitable work for years past.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

WALTHAM, Mass., April 4.—The fourth congressional Republican convention was held here today. George W. Weymouth of Fitchburg and Charles H. Moulton of Waltham were elected delegates to the Republican national convention. Resolutions endorsing Hon. Thomas B. Reed as candidate for President were adopted.

DIAG CONGRATULATED

His Utterances on Monroe Doctrine Applauded.

LATIN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

The Doctrine of "No European Interference" Advocated By Many Governments.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 3.—El Universal tonight publishes telegrams from Central and South America regarding President Diaz's utterances on the Monroe doctrine in his recent message to congress.

WEYLER'S LAST ORDER.

All Prisoners Taken Shall Be Shot—The Prisoners Fall.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—The Commercial Gazette's special from Tampa, Fla., gives an interview with the wife of a correspondent who has landed from Havana. "General Weyler's last order," she said, "issued only a few days ago, is that all prisoners taken shall be shot. Every morning at daybreak we heard the shots at Moro Castle and our hearts grew sick, for we knew that the innocent man was dying like a dog. No trial is allowed and the orders are to shoot all prisoners."

About Appropriations.

SACRAMENTO, April 4.—Governor Budd said today, in speaking of the appropriation of \$250,000 by the United States government for the purpose of building a restraining dam, that the same amount appropriated by the state upon the condition of which the national appropriation was made was not available, and that it would require another appropriation by another legislature. The reason of this is that the legislature of 1893 did not make a special appropriation, but made a general fund for the general fund. This was done, but since then the general fund has become exhausted.

Free Silverites Will Make an Effort to Capture the Convention.

OTTUMWA, Ill., April 4.—The free silver Democrats of Iowa will make a determined effort to capture the Dubuque convention and they will be assisted by ex-Governor Boies. Boies has consented to go to Chicago as a delegate at large from Iowa. The platform declares for free silver. The first object of the movement to secure the Democratic nomination for President for Boies, participated in by prominent white metal Democrats, not only in Iowa, but in other parts of the West. His answer to a letter sent him requesting him to accept the nomination is that he will accept the nomination if tendered him.

Wanted—Miscellaneous

Wanted—Agents for Iowa with clear storehouse on at night. Get a dozen and a half dozen in San Francisco. Sample sent 50 cents. Address: 1200 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Wanted—FAT TURKEYS, 5 CENTS A DOZEN. Good ones. \$5.00 per dozen. Address: 1200 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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WE HAVE A GREAT BARGAIN

FOR YOU, WHICH WE WILL SELL ON—

Thursday, April 9, 1896,

AND ON THAT DAY ONLY.

3000 Yards of Fine Imported PARKHILL and EVERETT ZEPHYR GINGHAMS, such as are usually sold at 12 1/2c and 15c a yard, at the ridiculous price of

6c Per Yard.

CHEAPER THAN CALICO.

Ladies' and Children's Stockings

Retailed at Wholesale Prices for This Week Only

The large quantities of Ladies' and Children's Hosiery we are selling have placed us in a position to become MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, thus enabling us to retail these goods at wholesale prices.

500 Dozen of Ladies' Fast Black Full Regular-Made Hermsdorf Dye Cotton Hose at 15c per pair.

500 Dozen of 70-Gauge Fast Black Cotton Hose, full fashioned, double soles, high spliced heels and double toes, at 30c per pair.

200 Dozen of Children's Fast Black or Tan Cotton Hose, a very durable stocking at 15c per pair, well worth 25c per pair.

Bear in Mind These Stockings Will be on Sale for

This Week Only.

Kutner-Goldstein Company

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS,

119 to 133 I Street,

Fresno, Cal.

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Largest Circulation. - The Most Read.

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Weekly Republican, one year, by mail, \$2.50

Weekly Republican, six months, by mail, \$1.50

Weekly Republican, per month, by carrier, 25c

DEFEW ON CALIFORNIA.

Chauncey Depew is a man of affairs,

but it is as a talker that the Depew

reputation shines around the world and

adds lustre to the fame of the republic

as a producer of remarkable men. As a

brilliant after-dinner speaker and con-

versationist, Mr. Depew, figuratively

speaking, gracefully wears the diamond

belt, and it is not an exaggeration to

say that when he speaks the world

listens.

It now happens to us to be the advantage

of California that when Mr. Depew

opens his mouth for vocal exercise that

he has millions of hearers, for he is

in this state and has freely expressed

his opinion, from a business man's

standpoint, of what he has seen here.

Regarding the manufacturing possibili-

ties of the coast, Mr. Depew says:

If you ever get the cheap fuel, coke

and iron they are coming on at Los

Angeles and San Diego, your manu-

facturing supremacy will be assured and

nothing can prevent the sale of your

wares at the East. With the Nicaragua

canal there is a great deal that you can

do. I am not dreaming or talking just

for praise. You see, we are a party of

business men, traveling as Mr. Vander-

bilt's guests, and as a result we are look-

ing at the business aspect of things.

Well, it has been a journey of surprises

ever since we arrived in the state. Again

I say it is an undeveloped country, and

is destined some day to be far famed

and thickly settled.

In regard to cheap fuel for manu-

facturing it is rather surprising that

Mr. Depew has overlooked the unlimited

supply of power awaiting transmission

from California's mountain streams in

electric currents, but as a matter of

course the most observing man could

not see everything in this state in a

period of three or four days. He had

also overlooked the fact that in Fresno

county are mountains of the finest iron

ore in the world.

But it is when Mr. Depew comes to

the San Joaquin valley that he begins

to realize the vastness of the possibilities for

capital and population that he has found

here. The Chronicle reports him on the

feature of his trip as follows:

The possibilities of the great San

Joaquin valley interested President De-

pew to the point of enthusiasm. "With

irrigation," he said, "there is scarcely

any limit to the wealth that this great

valley can produce. I think the govern-

ment ought to be induced to take up the

question of developing such lands. It

ought to spend money to irrigate the

San Joaquin valley. Certainly a govern-

ment that subsidizes the Pacific

roads ought to do many other things to

benefit the people—ought to put in ir-

rigation systems and subsidize clean-

liness lines. When your state is once

thoroughly irrigated there is scarcely

time to the population that can live

here.

When Mr. Depew refers to the neglect

of the federal government to promote

the interest of this coast he touches a

responsive chord in California, and it

may be hoped that the words of this dis-

tinguished easterner may commend an

attention which has been denied the

multitude of voices of the people who

are directly interested. This coast has

been shamefully neglected by the powers

that be at the national capital. The

subsidizing of the Pacific roads is the

only interest that has ever been man-

ifested in this western empire, and that

act left the people at the mercy of a

powerful monopoly. Mr. Depew is a

disinterested observer, and he speaks

the plain truth when he says that con-

gress should assist in improving the

transportation facilities of the coast and

in developing the irrigation resources of

a section so rich in agricultural possi-

bilities under that system of production.

Leaving the practical and more im-

portant comments of Mr. Depew on

California and her resources, an inter-

esting statement was made by him in

regard to Cornelius Vanderbilt, whose

guest he is on this trip. Mr. Vander-

bilt is a man who cannot be interviewed

by representatives of the press on any

subject, and according to Mr. Depew, the

millionaire's silence is due to the advice

of his father, the alleged author of the

famous saying, "the public be damned."

It seems that the older Vanderbilt's life

was rendered more or less miserable by

the publication of this famous inter-

view, and he claimed that, notwith-

standing his repeated denials, the odium

of having given utterance to the senti-

ment doing to him and made him an

object of popular dislike. He advised

his sons to avoid interviews, and they

have acted upon his advice.

The absolute truth of the matter may

never be known, but whether or not the

money king ever said the words which

were attributed to him, it is a fact that

cannot be denied that he and other mil-

lionaire contemporaries acted very

largely upon that principle, and actions

backed by the power of great wealth

count for more than words.

The movement by City School Super-

intendent Heaton to secure the enforce-

ment in Fresno of the law against sell-

ing tobacco to minors and the smoking of

cigarettes by boys should have the en-

couragement and assistance of every

citizen who has at heart the welfare of

the coming generation. The law was

passed to subvert a good purpose and

should be strictly enforced. The fact is

so well established that the use of to-

bacco by boys is seriously detrimental to

both their physical and mental develop-

ment that it is astonishing that parents

are not more vigilant in guarding against

the use of the weed by their young

boys. That they are not as careful

as they should be is shown by the

number of boys who are known to have

acquired the "cigarette habit."

When parents fail to do their duty the

law should be invoked to protect the

boys from the effects of their folly. Doubt-

less Professor Heaton will be given un-

derstanding aid in his good work by the co-

operation of officers of the law and the

assistance of the various societies which

have for their object the promotion of

public morals. Spasmodic efforts of this

sort do not amount to much, but a per-

sistent demand for the enforcement of

the law will not fail to accomplish much

good.

It is encouraging to notice that there is

less adulteration of food products in the

United States than in some of the for-

eign countries, where adulteration in an

exact science. The secretary of the British

board of agriculture testified before the

committee on the adulteration of food,

in session in London recently, that

among the samples of food examined by

the government fifty-one came from the

United States and thirty-nine from

Canada, not one of which was unde-

rmined. Among the German samples ex-

amined thirty-seven out of 124 were

adulterated. Such reports as the above

cannot fail to prove beneficial to our

export trade. In the long run it will

pay to be honest.

The old axiom about people in glass

houses throwing stones will have to go

with the multitude of other things

which have been swept aside by the

resistance march of scientific progress,

now that glass houses of a thoroughly

substantial kind are being built.

Silesian glassmakers are turning out

glass bricks for all sorts of building pur-

poses, claiming for them such advan-

tages as variety of shape, free trans-

mission of light, strength, cheapness,

and general adaptability. Where com-

plete diffusion of light is needed, as in

factories, conservatories, conservatories,

etc., they are especially desirable.

Judging from an editorial which ap-

peared in the afternoon paper a day or

two ago, the author of Cash-in-the-

Street-Box-the-Only-Salvation-for-Rain-

San-Growers, has come to the conclusion

that the chances for salvation may be

materially enhanced by the co-operative

plan. The contemporary is certainly to

be congratulated upon the fact that it is

coming over to the REPUBLICAN's point

of view that cash buying alone is not in-

tellectual and co-operation, absolutely

essential under any system of selling that may be

desired.

There is no sounder lower in the

scale of human degradation than the

wretch who occasionally imposes upon

a newspaper and secures the insertion

of infamous matter so cunningly dis-

guised that it escapes detection by the

editor and proof reader. Such a villain

has no right to live in a decent com-

munity, and should not be permitted to

do so when his presence is made known

by his vile work.

The April number of the Interior con-

tains the complete annual report of the

Hundred Thousand Club and a large

amount of descriptive matter that gives

a very fair idea of the progress being

made in the industrial lines throughout

the valley. The illustrations are excel-

lent and the issue should meet with a

favorable reception in Fresno and nei-

ghboring counties.

Eleven months from today there will

be a President of the United States in-

augurated. We can't name the man,

but whoever he is he will be a Demo-

crat.—Kern County Gazette.

Anybody who is capable of making a

prediction of that kind ought to be able

to name the man who will be President

without an effort or a shudder.

RANDOM REMARKS.

An Oakland man says that he can cure

consumption with herbs if the moon is

right. Probably the moon and the

Oakland man both have to be tailed to

give the proper conditions.

Hall Oline says that a American woman

"are superior intellectually to the men."

The more one thinks about it, the more

one realizes that such a thing might be

possible without making the universe

top-heavy with intellect.

And now comes Thomas H. Reed and

solemnly avers that if he does not

leave the Presidential nomination he

will retire from public life. This seems

to insure the honorable gentleman's re-

tirement, for it is becoming quite ap-

parent that if McKinley is not nomi-

nated a darker horse than the second

man from Maine will be named. Reed

is sensible in thinking that it is time

for him to secure a competency, but it is

doubtful if he can cure himself of his

political disease.

A Nashville, Kansas, farmer, who is a

great humorist, planned a delightful

April Fool joke on his wife. He dis-

guised himself as a tramp, appeared be-

fore his wife and scared her into a faint

from which death relieved her within

an hour. Thus is again illustrated the

fact that the law of fools is perennial;

it blooms forever. And the fool who

thinks it funny to scare somebody usu-

ally is particularly evident. If only the

homes for the feeble minded were large

enough to contain everybody who should

be shut out with a lock of reason!

In them, how many of us would cease

going at large.

Mr. Cleveland considered it advisable

to announce that he would not accept a

Presidential nomination. He says that

he does not wish to be a President

again. He need not have combed

himself with care on the subject; he

has not been in serious danger from

sources for some time past. Mr. Cleve-

land's declaration of intentions would

be received with more popular joy were

it not that the people remember that

these anti-campaign announcements

do not amount to much. However, tak-

ing it for granted that he means what

he says, we can say—

You've socked it to us, Grover dear!

You've socked it to us!

We'll get your job for you a year!

By then your journey's ended.

But, though we praise you not, you know,

We thought of this trouble!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

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You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

You'll step down and out, dear boy!

—GO TO THE—
GILT EDGE LUNCH
1028 E Street, for the
BEST IS CENT MEAL
GEORGE SCHORLING

